

WASTE ASSESSMENT FOR PROPOSED PCDS AT LAFARGE CEMENT PLANT, LICHTENBURG, NORTH WEST PROVINCE

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For:



Prepared by:

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VERIFICATION PAGE

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Rev 13

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WASTE ASSESSMENT FOR PROPOSED PCDS AT LAFARGE CEMENT PLANT, LICHTENBURG, NORTH WEST PROVINCE

1 INTRODUCTION AND SITE DESCRIPTION

This report presents the results of the waste assessment in support of the liner design requirements for two (2 No.) proposed Pollution Control Dams (PCD) for the Lafarge Cement Plant located in Lichtenburg, North West Province.

We refer to our proposals referenced 005524 2021006L01/rs, titled "Re: Waste Classification for Lafarge Lichtenburg", dated 28 May 2021, and 005752 18006/rs, titled "Lafarge Waste Assessment for PCD Liner Design", dated 31 October 2022. JG Afrika were requested to proceed with the waste assessment as agreed under under purchase order 4501873093, dated 26 April 2022.

2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Cement Plant site is located on farm Lichtenburg Town and Townlands 27 IP in the Ditsobotla Local Municipality of the North West Province. The site is located immediately north east of the town of Lichtenburg and can be accessed from Lichtenburg via the R53 followed by the D379. The location of the site is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Location of Lafarge Cement Plant Site

The location of the proposed PCDs designated PCD1 and PCD2 are presented in Figure 2.





Figure 2: Location of Proposed PCDs

It is understood that PCD1 will receive waste water from the coal stockpiles while PCD2 will receive waste water from the additives stockpile. The additives are made up of magnetite and silica, dust and graded klinker, and bottom ash and bumatech.

3 APPROACH

The waste assessment is carried using the following guideline documents;

- Republic of South Africa, National Environmental Management Act, Act No. 25 of 2014, as amended
- The Department of Environmental Affairs, 23 August 2013. Government Notice No. R634. National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) – Waste Classification and Management Regulations



- The Department of Environmental Affairs, 23 August 2013. Government Notice No. R635. National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) – National Norms and Standards for the Assessment of Waste for Landfill Disposal
- The Department of Environmental Affairs, 23 August 2013. Government Notice No. R636. National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) – National Norms and Standards for the Disposal of Waste to Landfill

Reference is made to NEMA Chapter 5 - Integrated Environmental Management, Subsection 24S, The management of residue stockpiles and residue deposits;

Residue stockpiles and residue deposits must be deposited and managed in accordance with the provisions of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008), on any site demarcated for that purpose in the environmental management plan or environmental management programme in question.

3.1 GN R634 SANS 10234 Classification

The GN R634 stipulates all waste generators must ensure that their waste is classified in accordance with SANS 10234 within 180 days of generation, except if it is listed in Annexure 1. Waste must be re-classified every 5 years.

Waste classification according to SANS 10234 (based on the Global Harmonised System) indicates physical, health and environmental hazards. The SANS 10234 covers the harmonised criteria for classification of potentially hazardous substances and mixtures, including wastes, in terms of its intrinsic properties/hazards.

The chemical test results and intrinsic properties of the waste streams are used for the SANS 10234 classification. Constituents present in concentrations exceeding the cut off values are used for classification in terms of health hazards. Environmental hazard is based on toxicity to the aquatic ecosystem and distinguish between acute and chronic toxicity, bioaccumulation and biodegradation.

3.2 GN R635 Waste Assessment

A GN R635 waste assessment is performed on waste intended for land disposal, to determine the type of waste. It is further used to determine the correct liner design requirements for disposal.

The GN R635 stipulates the potential level of risk associated with disposal of wastes must be determined by following the prescribed and appropriate leach test protocols. The results must be assessed against the four levels of thresholds for leachable and total concentrations. These are then used to determine the waste type and associated liner requirements. The following terminology is used:

- LC the leachable concentration of a particular contaminant in a waste, expressed as mg/l
- TC the total concentration of a particular contaminant in a waste, expressed as mg/kg
- LCT the leachable concentration thresholds for particular contaminants in a waste (LCT0, LCT1, LCT2, LCT3)
- TCT the total concentration thresholds for particular contaminants in a waste (TCT0, TCT1, TCT2).



The process to determine the waste type for correct disposal is taken from the GNR 635 flow diagram for waste assessment. Using this flow diagram, the waste needs to be analysed for total and leachable concentrations of potential Constituents of Concern (CoCs). The results are then compared to the threshold values to determine the waste type.

3.3 GN R636 Barrier Design Requirements

The GN R636 stipulates the liner design requirements, based on the type of waste, as presented in Table 1.

Waste Type	Landfill Disposal Requirements
Type 0 Waste	The disposal of Type 0 waste to landfill is not allowed. The waste must be treated and re- assessed in terms of the Standard for Assessment of Waste for Landfill Disposal
Type 1 Waste	Type 1 waste may only be disposed of at a Class A landfill designed in accordance with Section 3(1) and 3(2), or, subject to Section 3(4), may be disposed of at a landfill site designed and operated in accordance with the requirements for a Hh / HH landfill as specified in the Minimum Requirements for Waste Disposal by Landfill (2nd Ed., DWAF, 1998).
Type 2 Waste	Type 2 waste may only be disposed of at a Class B landfill designed in accordance with Section 3(1) and 3(2), or, subject to Section 3(4), may be disposed of at a landfill site designed and operated in accordance with the requirements for a GLB+ landfill as specified in the Minimum Requirements for Waste Disposal by Landfill (2nd Ed., DWAF, 1998).
Type 3 Waste	Type 3 waste may only be disposed of at a Class C landfill designed in accordance with Section 3(1) and 3(2), or, subject to Section 3(4), may be disposed of at a landfill site designed and operated in accordance with the requirements for a GLB+ landfill as specified in the Minimum Requirements for Waste Disposal by Landfill (2nd Ed., DWAF, 1998).
Type 4 Waste	Disposal allowed at a landfill with a Class D landfill designed in accordance with Section 3(1) and 3(2), or, subject to Section 3(4), may be disposed of at a landfill site designed and operated in accordance with the requirements for a GLB- landfill as specified in the Minimum Requirements for Waste Disposal by Landfill (2nd Ed., DWAF, 1998).

Table 1: Landfill Disposal Requirements (GN R636 of 2013)

4 SAMPLING AND ANALYSES

Waste samples representative of the receiving streams to the proposed PCDs were collected by Lafarge and submitted to EPL laboratories (Facility Accreditation Number T0419). Samples of the source waste designated *Stock 1* comprising coal stockpile source material, and *Stock 2* comprising additives source material were submitted in November 2022. Sample designation *Stock 2* comprised a composite of various additives sources blended in equal parts (Magnetite & Silica, Dust & Graded Klinker, Bottom Ash & Bumatech).

The samples were analysed in terms of the requirements of Waste Assessment for Disposal, GN R635 (Gazette No. 36784), LC - Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (ASLP), AS4439 – 1997.

5 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 Waste assessment

A summary of the analytical results are presented in Table 2. The laboratory certificates of analysis are presented in Annexure A.



Table 2: Summary Results of Analysis by EPL

	Additives	Stockpile	Coal St	ockpile	Total Con (TCT	centration Threshold T) Limits (mg/kg)		Leachable Concentration Threshold (LCT) Limits (mg/l)			
	TC - Solids	LC - DW	TC - Solids	LC - DW							
Determinant	(mg/kg)	(mg/l	(mg/kg)	(mg/l	тсто	TCT1	TCT2	LCTO	LCT1	LCT2	LCT3
Metal lons	1 52	< 0.01	4.65	< 0.01	5 9	500	2000	0.01	0.5	1	4
B Boron	4.55	< 0.01	4.05	< 0.01	5.8 150	15000	60000	0.01	25	50	4 200
Ba. Barium	261.4	0.08	312.5	0.08	62.5	6250	25000	0.7	35	70	280
Cd, Cadmium	< 3.2	< 0.003	< 3.2	< 0.003	7.5	260	1040	0.003	0.15	0.3	1.2
Co, Cobalt	5.93	< 0.05	43.66	< 0.05	50	5000	20000	0.5	25	50	200
CrTotal, Chromium Total	11.99	< 0.05	115.5	< 0.05	46000	800000	N/A	0.1	5	10	40
Cr(VI), Chromium (VI)	< 2	< 0.05	<2	< 0.05	6.5	500	2000	0.05	2.5	5	20
Cu, Copper	15.58	0.02	111.3	0.03	16	19500	78000	2	100	200	800
Hg, Mercury	1.78	< 0.005	1.01	< 0.003	0.93	160	640	0.006	0.3	0.6	2.4
Mn, Manganese	151.5	< 0.05	1239	< 0.05	1000	25000	100000	0.5	25	50	200
Nie Niekol	< 6.4	< 0.05	< 6.4	< 0.05	40	1000	4000	0.07	3.5	/	28
Ph Lead	13.1 0 03	< 0.05	13.99	< 0.05	91 20	1900	42400	0.07	3.5	/	28
Sh Antimony	< 3.2	0.01	5 15	< 0.01	10	75	300	0.01	1	2	4
Se. Selenium	< 6.4	< 0.013	< 6.4	< 0.01	10	50	200	0.01	0.5	1	4
V, Vanadium	24.58	1.8	482.7	< 0.05	150	2680	10720	0.2	10	20	80
Zn, Zinc	12.95	< 0.05	104.5	< 0.05	240	160000	640000	5	250	500	2000
Inorganic Anions											
TDS	N/A	448	N/A	448				1000	12500	25000	100000
Chloride	N/A	90.39	N/A	< 2				300	15 000	30 000	120 000
Sulphate	N/A	306.3	N/A	306.3				250	12 500	25 000	100 000
NO3 as N, Nitrate-N	N/A	0.94	N/A	< 0.5	100	10000	40000	11	550	1100	4400
F, Fluoride	< 0.5	< 0.05	12.19	0.09	100	10000	40000	1.5	75	150	500
Organics	× 1.55	× 0.07	× 1.55	× 0.07	14	10500	42000	0.07	5.5	7	20
Benzene	< 0.02	< 0.001	0.023	< 0.001		10	40		0.01	0.02	0.08
Benzo(a)pyrene	< 0.04	< 0.001	0.51	< 0.001		1.7	6.8		0.035	0.07	0.28
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		4	16		0.2	0.4	1.6
Chlorobenzene	< 0.04	< 0.002	< 0.04	< 0.002		8800	35200		5	10	40
Chloroform	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 100	< 0.005		700	2800		15	30	120
2-Chlorophenol	< 0.4	< 0.02	< 400	< 0.02		2100	8400		15	30	120
Di (2 ethylhexyl) phthalate	< 2	< 0.2	< 2000	< 0.2		40	160		0.5	1	4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.04	< 0.002	< 0.04	< 0.002		31900	127600		5	10	40
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.04	< 0.002	< 0.04	< 0.002		18400	/3600		15	30	120
1,2-Dichloroethale	< 0.05	< 0.002	< 0.05	< 0.002		3.7	14.8		1.5	3	20
1-2-Dichloroethylene	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		3750	15000		2.5	5	2.8
Dichloromethane	<1	< 0.01	<1	< 0.01		16	64		0.25	0.5	2
2,4-Dichlorophenol	< 0.4	< 0.02	< 0.4	< 0.02		800	3200		10	20	80
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	<1	< 0.05	< 1	< 0.05		5.2	20.8		0.065	0.13	0.52
Ethylbenzene	< 0.04	< 0.002	0.041	< 0.002		540	2160		3.5	7	28
Formaldehyde	< 2	< 0.1	< 2	< 0.1		2000	8000		25	50	200
Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.04	< 0.002	< 0.04	< 0.002		2.8	5.4		0.03	0.06	0.24
Methyl ethyl ketone	< 20	<1	< 20	<1		8000	32000		100	200	800
MTBE (Methyl t-butyl ether)	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		1435	5740		2.5	5	20
Nitrobenzene	< 0.2	< 0.02	< 0.2	< 0.02		45	180		1	2	8
Petroleum H/Cs. C6 to C9	< 0.0	< 0.2	13	< 0.2		50	200		N/A	N/A	N/A
Petroleum H/Cs. C10 to C36	< 3800	< 3.87	< 3800	< 3.87		10000	40000		N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenois (total, non-halogenated)	< 4	< 0.2	< 4	< 0.2		560	2240		7	14	56
Polychlorinated biphenyls	< 0.35	< 0.01	< 0.35	< 0.01		12	48		0.025	0.05	0.2
Styrene	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		120	480		1	2	8
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		400	1600		5	10	40
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		5	20		0.65	1.3	5.3
Tetrachloroethylene	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		200	800		0.25	0.5	2
Toluene	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		1150	4600		35	70	280
Irichlorobenzenes (total)	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		3300	13200		3.5	/	28
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		1200	4800		15	3U 1	120
	< 0.1	< 0.005	< 0.1	< 0.005		4ð 11600	192		0.0	2	4
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	< 0.2	< 0.02	< 0.2	< 0.02		1770	7080		10	20	80
Vinyl chloride	< 0.2	< 0.01	< 0.2	< 0.01		1.5	6		0.015	0.03	0.12
Xylenes (total)	< 0.1	< 0.005	0.22	< 0.005		890	3560		25	50	200
Pesticides		·	·	·							
Aldrin + Dieldrin	< 0.02	< 0.001	< 0.02	< 0.001	0.05	1.2	4.8		0.015	0.03	0.03
DDT + DDD + DDE	< 0.02	< 0.001	< 0.02	< 0.001	0.05	50	200		1	2	2
2,4-D		nd		nd	0.05	120	480		1.5	3	3
Chlordane	< 0.02	< 0.001	< 0.02	< 0.001	0.05	4	16		0.05	0.1	0.1
Heptachlor	< 0.02	< 0.001	< 0.02	< 0.001	0.05	1.2	4.8		0.015	0.03	0.03



These results indicate the following:

- The TCT0 limits for barium and mercury are exceeded the Additives Stockpile sample
- The TCT0 limits for barium, copper, mercury, manganese and vanadium are exceeded in the Coal Stockpile sample
- The LCT0 limits for vanadium and sulphate are exceeded in the Additives Stockpile sample
- The LCT0 limit for sulphate is exceeded in The Coal Stockpile sample.

5.2 Barrier Design Requirements

Both solid samples have parameters exceeding the recommended TCTO limit, however, no parameters exceed the TCT1 limits. Both water samples have parameters exceeding the recommended LCT0 limit, however, no parameters exceed the LCT1 limits. The final waste type classification is therefore *Waste Type 3*

Based on the results of analysis of the samples analysed and the waste type classification, a Class C liner system in terms of GN R636 would be sufficient for all waste samples. It should however be noted that the liner designs in GN R636 provides for landfill disposal of dry/dewatered waste and not on PCD liners specifically. It is inferred that the same application can be applied subject to Regulator approval.

6 CONCLUSION

This report presents the waste assessment for the proposed PCDs at the Lafarge Cement Plant. The analysis was carried out on source samples from the additives stockpile and the coal stockpile. Total concentration threshold limits (TCT0) were exceeded for selected metals indicating a final waste classification of Type 3. In terms of the GN R636 a Class C liner would be suitable for the waste streams.

It should be noted that the liner designs in GN R636 provides for landfill disposal of dry solid waste systems and not for PCD liners specifically. It is inferred that the same application can be applied in this instance subject to Regulator approval.



Annexure A: Laboratory Certificates on Analysis





Company:	JG Africa
Attention:	Roberts Schapers
Tel:	(031) 275 5502
Fax:	
Address:	1ste Floor, Block C Westville
	Durban
	3629
Lab No:	40608

Analysis Report

Test Information:	Waste Assesment fo LC - Australian Star	or Disposa ndard Leac	l, GNR 635 hing Proce	(Gazei dure (/	tte No. 36784) ASLP), AS443	9 - 1997			
Sample Informatio Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	Solid-DW Stock 1 5803, Quote 11648					Date Received: Date Completed: Date Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
Param eters		Res	<u>ults</u>					<u>TCT*</u>	LCT*
		тс	- Solids	LC	: - DW				
pH - Leach Fluid pH - Sample			N/A 7.75		N/A 7.35				
Metals		ma/	ka	mo	a/liter **				
As - Arsenic			4 65	<	0.01			< TCT0	= LCT0
B - Boron		<	32	<	0.5			< TCT0	= LCT0
Ba - Barium			312.5		0.08			< TCT1	< LCT0
Cd - Cadmium		<	3.2	<	0.003			< TCT0	= LCT0
Co - Cobalt			43.66	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Cr Total - Chromiu	m Total		115.5	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Cr (VI) - Chromium	n (∨I) *	<	2	<	0.05			< TCT0	= LCT0
Cu - Copper			111.3		0.03			< TCT1	< LCT0
Hg - Mercury *			1.01	<	0.003			< TCT1	< LCT0
Mn - Manganese			1239	<	0.05			< TCT1	< LCT0
Mo - Molybdenum		<	6.4	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Ni - Nickel			68.37	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Pb - Lead			13.99	<	0.01			< TCT0	= LCT0
Sb - Antimony			5.15	<	0.01			< TCT0	< LCT0
Se - Selenium		<	6.4	<	0.01			< TCT0	= LCT0
V - Vanadium			482.7	<	0.05			< TCT1	< LCT0
Zn - Zinc			104.5	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Anions (Discrete /	Analyser)	mg/	kg *	mg	g/liter				
Fluoride - F			12.19		0.09			< TCTO	< LCT0
Chloride - Cl			N/A	<	2			N/A	< LCT0
Nitrate as NO3			N/A	<	2.22			N/A	N/A
NO3 as N			N/A	<	0.5			N/A	< LCT0
Sulphate - SO4			N/A		306.3			N/A	< LCT1
CN - Total Cyanide	*	<	1.55	<	0.07			< TCTO	= LCT0
Total Dissolved S	olids	mg/	kg	mg	g/liter				
TDS			N/A		448			N/A	< LCT0
Total Organic Car TOC	bon		mg/kg** 463800	<	mg/liter* 10				
Former I de broad	_	ug/ł	(g	ug.	/liter				
Formaldehyde	D		2000	X2	100			< TCT1	<1CT1
annanachyac			2000					5 1911	





Disclaimer: 1) The results relate only to the test items provided, in the condition as received. 2) EPL takes no responsibility for sample/s prior to submission: this includes sampling, sample container, storage and shipping to our testing facility.

- 2) EPC Lates to responsibility for sample's prior to submission interface's sampling, simple container, storage and simpling to our testing racinity. The sample is analysed per customer request for analysis.
 3) This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.
 4) Parameters marked "**" are not included in the SANAS Schedule of Accreditation for this laboratory. Analysis marked "**" have been outsourced.
 5) UTD Unable to determine, NR Not Requested, RTF Results to Follow BDL, Below Detection Limit (Please note that if the results is BDL, it does not indicate that the sample is clean or that the analyte result is equal to zero)

6) Storage Conditions Fridge @ 0-6^oC 7) Methods: EPL-WL-001 (Conductivity), EPL-WL-002 (Alkalinity), EPL-WL-003 (pH), EPL-WL-004 (TDS), EPL-WL-005 (Anions by IC), EPL-WL-006 (Cations by IC), EPL-WL-007 (Metals), EPL-WL-008 (Cr(VI)), EPL-WL-009 (TOC), EPL-WL-010 (Hg by DMA), EPL-WL-011 (Anions by Discrete Analyser), EPL-HPLC-001 (Formaldehyde)

8) Uncertainty of measurement for all methods included in the SANAS Schedule of Accreditation is available on request.

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Company: JG Africa **Roberts Schapers** Attention: (031) 275 5502 Tel: Fax: Address: 1ste Floor, Block C Westville Durban 3629 Lab No: 40608

Analysis Report

Test Information: Waste Assesment for Disposal, GNR 635 (Gazette No. 36784) LC - Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (ASLP), AS4439 - 1997

Sample Information Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	n Solid-DW Stock 1 5803, Quote 1164	48			Date Received: Date Completed: Date Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
Param eters		Re	<u>es ults</u>				TCT*	LCT*
		TC ug.	- Solids (kg	LC - DW ug/liter				
VOCs		Dilution X2	0	X1				
Benzene			23	< 1			< TCT1	< LCT1
Carbon Tetrachlorid	e	<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
Chlorobenzene		<	40	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
Chloroform		<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2	<	40	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	9	<	40	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,2-Dichloroethane		<	40	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
Ethylbenzene			41	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
Hexachlorobutadien	e	<	40	< 2			< TCT1	< LCT1
MTBE		<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
Styrene		<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroe	thane	<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroe	thane	<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Toluene		<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,1,1-Trichloroethan	e	<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,1,2-Trichloroethan	e	<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
Xylenes total			220	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
Trichlorobenzene (T	otal)	<	100	< 5			< TCT1	< LCT1
Dichloromethane		<	1000	< 50			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,1-Dichloroethylene	9	<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
1,2-Dichloroethylene	9	<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Tetrachloroethylene		<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Trichloroethylene		<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
<u>TPH</u>		Dilution X2	0	X1				
Petroleum H/Cs,C6-	C9		4200	< 10			< TCT1	N/A
Petroleum H/Cs,C10) to C36	<	3800000	< 3820			< TCT1	N/A
		ug.	′kg	ug/liter				
SVOCs		Dilution X1	0	X10			00-2020-2010	00000000000
Benzo(a)pyrene			510	< 1			< TCT1	< LCT1
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phth	alate *	<	2000	< 200			< TCT1	< LCT1
Nitrobenzene *		<	200	< 10			< TCT1	< LCT1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene *		<	1000	< 50			< TCT1	< LCT1
Total PAH's			13000	< 200			< TCT1	N/A

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 5) UTO Unable to determine, NR Not Requested, RTF Results to Follow
- BDL Below Detection Limit (Please note that if the results is BDL, it does not indicate that the sample is clean or that the analyte result is equal to zero) 6) Storage Conditions: Fridge @ 0-6°C.

Methods: EPL-T-011 (TPH C10-C36), EPL-T-012 (TPH C6-C9, VOCs, Pesticides, PCBs in Water), EPL-T-016 (Polars), EPL-T-020 (SVOCs), EPL-T-034 (PCBs in Soil).
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JG Africa Roberts Schapers (031) 275 5502 Company: Attention: Tel: Fax: 1ste Floor, Block C Westville Address: Durban 3629 Lab No: 40608

Test Information: Waste Assesment for Disposal, GNR 635 (Gazette No. 36784)

Sample Informatio Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	Solid-DW Stock 1 5803, Quote 11648	Lea	ching Proc	eaure	(ASLP), AS44.	D ate Received: D ate Completed: D ate Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
Param eters		Re	<u>sults</u>					<u>TCT*</u>	LCT*
		TC ug/	- Solids kg	L	. C - DW Ig/liter				
Phenols *	Dilution	1 X10)	x	(10				
2-Chlorophenol		<	400	<	20			< 1011	< LGT1
2,4-Dichlorophenol		5	400	<	20			< 1011	< LOT1
Phenols Speciated	(total,non-halogenated)	<	400	<	200			< TCT1	< LCT1
Pesticides *	Dilution	X2	00	х	(10				
Aldrin		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
Dieldrin		<	20	<	: 1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDT		<	20	<	: 1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDE		<	20	<	: 1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDD		<	20	<	: 1			< TCTO	< LCT1
Heptachlor		<	20	<	: 1			< TCTO	< LCT1
Chlordane		<	20	<	: 1			< TCT0	< LCT1
2,4-Dichlorophenox	yacetic Acid		L	Inable	to Detect			UTD	UTD
Polychlorinated B	iphenyls (PCB) Dilution	X1		x	10				
Ballsmitters Totals	*	<	350	<	10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Polars *	Dilution	X2	00	х	(10				
Methyl Ethyl Keton	e (2-Butanone)	<	20000	<	1000			< TCT1	< LCT1
Vinyl Chloride		<	200	<	10			< TCT1	< LCT1

Тур	ment, based only on results and not detection limits
Highest Total Concentration Value	≤ TCT 1*
Highest Leachable Concentration ∨alue	≤ LCT 1*
Final Waste Type Classification	Type 3*

Authorized Signatory Arth



H. Richte

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DDL. Below Determine, INE (Reported the of the semile is DDL) in decent indicate that the permit is place at indic

BDL – Below Detection Limit (Please note that if the results is BDL, it does not indicate that the sample is clean or that the analyte result is equal to zero) 6) Storage Conditions Fridge @ 0-6°C. 7) Methods: EPL-T-011 (TPH C10-C36), EPL-T-012 (TPH C6-C9, VOCs, Pesticides, PCBs in Water), EPL-T-016 (Polars), EPL-T-020 (SVOCs),

EPL-T-034 (PCBs in Soil). 8) Uncertainty of measurement for all methods included in the SANAS Schedule of Accreditation is available on request.

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Company:	JG Africa
Attention:	Roberts Schapers
Tel:	(031) 275 5502
Fax:	
Address:	1ste Floor, Block C Westville
	Durban
	3629
Lab No:	40608

Analysis Report

Test Information:	Waste Assesment for D LC - Australian Standar	ispos d L ea	al, GNR 635 ching Proce	(Gaze dure (tte No. 36784) (ASLP), AS443	9 - 1997			
Sample Informatio Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	n Solid-DW Stock 2 5803, Quote 11648					Date Received: Date Completed: Date Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
<u>Param eters</u>		Re	<u>esults</u>					<u>TCT*</u>	LCT*
		тс	- Solids	L	C - DW				
pH - Leach Fluid pH - Sample			N/A 11.34		N/A 11.5				
Metals		mg	/kg	m	g/liter				
As - Arsenic			4.53	<	0.01			< TCT0	= LCT0
B - Boron		<	32	<	0.5			< TCT0	= LCT0
Ba - Barium			261.4		0.08			< TCT1	< LCT0
Cd - Cadmium		<	3.2	<	0.003			< TCT0	= LCT0
Co - Cobalt			5.93	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Cr Total - Chromiur	n Total		11.99	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Cr (VI) - Chromium	(VI) *	<	2	<	0.05			< TCT0	= LCT0
Cu - Copper			15.58		0.02			< TCTO	< LCT0
Hg - Mercury *			1.78	<	0.005			< TCT1	< LCT0
Mn - Manganese			151.5	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Mo - Molybdenum		<	6.4	<	0.05			< TCTO	< LCT0
Ni - Nickel			13.1	<	0.05			< TCT0	< LCT0
Pb - Lead			9.93	<	0.01			< TCT0	= LCT0
Sb - Antimony		<	3.2		0.013			< TCTO	< LCT0
Se - Selenium		<	6.4	<	0.01			< TCTO	= LCT0
∨-Vanadium			24.58		1.8			< TCTO	< LCT1
Zn - Zinc			12.95	<	0.05			< TCTO	< LCT0
Anions (Discrete A	nalyser)	mg	I/kg *	m	g/liter				
Fluoride - F		<	0.5	<	0.05			< TCTO	< LCT0
Chloride - Cl			N/A		90.39			N/A	< LCT0
Nitrate as NO3			N/A		4.17			N/A	N/A
NO3 as N			N/A		0.94			N/A	< LCT0
Sulphate - SO4			N/A		47.32			N/A	< LCT0
CN - Total Cyanide	*	<	1.55	<	0.07			< TCT0	= LCT0
Total Dissolved So	olids	mg	i/kg	m	g/liter				
TDS			N/A		873			N/A	< LCT0
<u>Total Organic Carl</u> TOC	bon		mg/kg** 8900	<	mg/liter* 10				
		ug/	íkg	ug	y/liter				
Formaldehyde	Diluti	on x1 <	2000	X: <	2 100			< TCT1	< LCT1





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6) Storage Conditions Fridge @ 0-6^oC 7) Methods: EPL-WL-001 (Conductivity), EPL-WL-002 (Alkalinity), EPL-WL-003 (pH), EPL-WL-004 (TDS), EPL-WL-005 (Anions by IC), EPL-WL-006 (Cations by IC), EPL-WL-007 (Metals), EPL-WL-008 (Cr(VI)), EPL-WL-009 (TOC), EPL-WL-010 (Hg by DMA), EPL-WL-011 (Anions by Discrete Analyser), EPL-HPLC-001 (Formaldehyde)

8) Uncertainty of measurement for all methods included in the SANAS Schedule of Accreditation is available on request.

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Company: JG Africa **Roberts Schapers** Attention: (031) 275 5502 Tel: Fax: Address: 1ste Floor, Block C Westville Durban 3629 Lab No: 40608

Analysis Report

Test Information: Waste Assesment for Disposal, GNR 635 (Gazette No. 36784) LC - Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (ASLP), AS4439 - 1997

Parameters Results ICT LC-DW VOCs Dilution X20 V	Sample Informa Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	tion Solid-DW Stock 2 5803, Quote 1	1648					Date Received: Date Completed: Date Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
TC - Suits ug/iterLC - DW ug/iterVOCS Benzene $<$ 20< 1Carton Tetachionide<20< 1Carton Tetachionide<40< 2Chiordom<100< 5Chiordom<40< 21.2-Dichiorobenzene<40< 21.2-Dichiorobenzene<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobenzene<200< 101.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<100< 51.1,1,2-Trichiorobethane<200	Param eters			Res	<u>ults</u>					TCT*	LCT*
VUCs Dilution X20 X1 Barzene < 20 < 1 CTC1 LCT1 Carbon Tetrachloride < 100 < 5 < TCT1 LCT1 Chordberzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 Chordborzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.4-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 40 < 2 < TCT1 LCT1 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 100< 5 <tct1< td=""> LCT1 1.1,1.2-Tetrachloroethane < 100 < 5<</tct1<>			Dilution	TC - ug/k	Solids	L) Uğ	c - DW g/liter				
britelie <	VOCS		Dilution	X20	20	x	1,			. TOTA	ALOT1
Calcular Herachlonide <	Carbon Totrachia	vrido		5	20	5	1			< TCT1	< LCT1
Childbergene < 40	Carbon retrachic	nue		2	100	2	5			< TOT1	< LOT1
Child Onlin C 100 C 3 C 101 C 101 <tdc 11<="" td=""> <</tdc>	Chloroform			2	40	2	2				< LOT1
1.2-Dictionobenzene <	4.0 Diablarahan			5	100	5	5				< LOT1
14-Dichorobertane <	1,2-Dichlorobenz	ene		5	40	5	2			< 1011	K LOTT
1.2-Difformation 40 2 <101	1,4-Dichloropenz	ene		2	40	5	2				< LOT1
LinyDeriver <	Eth dhonzono			2	40	2	2			< TOT1	< LOT1
Texation/outdurine <	Lovasblambutad	iono		2	40	2	2			< TOT1	< LOT1
Milber K 100 K 3 K 1011		lene		2	40	2	2			< TOT1	< LOT1
Systeme C 100 C 3 C 101 C 101 C 101 C 101 C 1011 C 1011 <thc 111<="" th=""> C 1011 C 1011</thc>	Chropo			2	100		5			< TOT1	X LOT1
1,1,2,2-1etrachionoethane < 200	1 1 1 0 Totrophia	raathana		5	100	Ś	10				< LOT1
1,1,2,2-1 etablicitione < 200	1,1,1,2-Tetrachio	roothano		2	200	2	10				< LCT1
Holdene < 200	Toluopo	loeulaile		2	200	2	10			< TOT1	< LOT1
I,1,2-Trichlonocethane < 100	1.1.1 Trichlometh	ane		2	100	2	5			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
International and the state International state International state International state International state International state International state Internation	1.1.2 Trichloroett	ane		2	100	2	5			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
Ayleries total < 100	Vulopos total	anc		2	100	2	5			< TOT1	< LOT1
Inclusion/Deficient (notar) < 100	Trichlorohomone	(Total)		2	100	2	5				< LOT1
Distributies C 100 C 100 C 101 C 101 <thc 11<="" th=""> C 101 C 101</thc>	Dichloromothono	(Total)		2	1000)	5				<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
1,-Dichlobertylene < 200	1.1 Dicblorootby	0.00		2	200	2	10				< LCT1
Dilution Califyline 200 10 <101 <1011 <1011 Trichloroethylene < 200	1.2 Dichloroethyl	ene		2	200	2	10			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
Terdention declination Constrained declination <thconstrained declination<="" th=""> <thconstrained decli<="" td=""><td>Tetrachloroethyle</td><td>ane</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>200</td><td>2</td><td>10</td><td></td><td></td><td>< TOT1</td><td><lct1< td=""></lct1<></td></thconstrained></thconstrained>	Tetrachloroethyle	ane		2	200	2	10			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
TPH Dilution X20 X1 Petroleum H/Cs,C6-C9 < 200	Trichloroethylene			2	200	2	10			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
TPH Dilution X2 X1 Petroleum H/Cs,C6-C9 < 200	Themologuaryiene			-	200	-	10			< ICI I	LOTT
Petroleum H/Cs, C6-C9 < 200 < 10 < TCT1 N/A Petroleum H/Cs, C6-C9 < 3800000	<u>трн</u>		Dilution	X20		X	1				
Petroleum H/Cs,C10 to C36 < 3800000 < 3820 < TCT1 N/A ug/kg ug/liter ug/liter Ug/liter Ug/liter SVOCs Dilution X10 X10 CTT1 Benzo(a)pyrene < 40	Petroleum H/Cs,0	C6-C9		<	200	<	10			< TCT1	N/A
ug/kg ug/lter Dilution X10 X10 Benzo(a)pyrene < 0	Petroleum H/Cs,0	C10 to C36		<	3800000	<	3820			< TCT1	N/A
SVOCs Dilution X10 X10 Benzo(a)pyrene < 40				ug/k	g	uç	g/liter				
Benzo(a)pyrene <	SVOCS		Dilution	X10	1220	X	10				
DI(2-etnyhieky)pinthalate* < 2000 < 200 < TCT1 < LCT1 Nitrobenzene* <	Benzo(a)pyrene			<	40	<	1			< TCT1	< LCT1
Ntrobenzene* < 200 10 CT1 LCT1 2.4-Dinitratoluene* <	Di(2-ethylhexyl)pl	hthaiate *		<	2000	<	200			< TCT1	< LCT1
2,4-Dintrotoluene* < 1000 < 50 < TCT1 LCT1 Total PAH's <	Nitrobenzene *			<	200	<	10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Total PAH's < 800 < 200 < TCT1 N/A	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	e *		<	1000	<	50			< TCT1	< LCT1
	Total PAH's			<	800	<	200			< TCT1	N/A

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 PD - Bealew Chestnen to Result of Content on the same container.

- BDL Below Detection Limit (Please note that if the results is BDL, it does not indicate that the sample is clean or that the analyte result is equal to zero) 6) Storage Conditions: Fridge @ 0-6°C.

Methods: EPL-T-011 (TPH C10-C36), EPL-T-012 (TPH C6-C9, VOCs, Pesticides, PCBs in Water), EPL-T-016 (Polars), EPL-T-020 (SVOCs), EPL-T-034 (PCBs in Soil).
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JG Africa Roberts Schapers (031) 275 5502 Company: Attention: Tel: Fax: 1ste Floor, Block C Westville Address: Durban 3629 Lab No: 40608

Test Information: Waste Assesment for Disposal, GNR 635 (Gazette No. 36784)

Sample Information Matrix: Sample ID: Ref No:	LC - Australian Standard I n Solid-DW Stock 2 5803, Quote 11648	Lead	cning Proc	eaure	(ASLP), AS443	Date Received: Date Completed: Date Issued:	2022/11/09 2022/12/04 2022/12/04		
Param eters		Re	<u>sults</u>					<u>TCT*</u>	LCT*
Bharrada A	Dilution	TC ug/	- Solids kg	L	C - DW g/liter				
Pnenois -	Dilution	XII	J 100	X	.10			TOTA	LOTI
2-Chlorophenol		5	400	5	20			< TOT1	< LCT1
2,4-Dichlorophenol		2	400	2	20			< TOT1	<lct1< td=""></lct1<>
Phenols Speciated (total,non-halogenated)		<	4000	<	200			< TCT1	< LCT1
Pesticides *	Dilution	X20	00	x	10				
Aldrin		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
Dieldrin		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDT		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDE		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
DDD		<	20	<	1			< TCTO	< LCT1
Heptachlor		<	20	<	1			< TCTO	< LCT1
Chlordane		<	20	<	1			< TCT0	< LCT1
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy	acetic Acid		U	Inable	to Detect			UTD	UTD
Polychlorinated Bi	phenyls (PCB) Dilution	X1		x	10				
Ballsmitters Totals *		<	350	<	10			< TCT1	< LCT1
Polars *	Dilution	X20	00	х	10				
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	(2-Butanone)	<	20000	<	1000			< TCT1	< LCT1
Vinyl Chloride		<	200	<	10			< TCT1	< LCT1

Т	ent, based only on results and not detection limits
Highest Total Concentration ∨alue	≤ TCT 1*
Highest Leachable Concentration ∨alue	≤ LCT 1*
Final Waste Type Classification	Type 3*

Authorized Signatory Arth



H. Richte

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DDL. Below Determine, INE (Reported the of the semile is DDL) in decent indicate that the permit is place at indic

BDL – Below Detection Limit (Please note that if the results is BDL, it does not indicate that the sample is clean or that the analyte result is equal to zero) 6) Storage Conditions Fridge @ 0-6°C. 7) Methods: EPL-T-011 (TPH C10-C36), EPL-T-012 (TPH C6-C9, VOCs, Pesticides, PCBs in Water), EPL-T-016 (Polars), EPL-T-020 (SVOCs),

EPL-T-034 (PCBs in Soil). 8) Uncertainty of measurement for all methods included in the SANAS Schedule of Accreditation is available on request.

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